

# Studyguide (verify identities) Key

$$1.) \tan(\pi/2 - x) \sec x = \boxed{\csc x}$$

$$\downarrow$$
$$(\cot x)(\sec x)$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$
$$\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos x} = \frac{1}{\sin x} = \underline{\underline{\csc x}}$$

$$2.) \frac{\cos(\pi/2 - x)}{\sin(\pi/2 - x)} = \boxed{\tan x}$$

$$\downarrow$$
$$\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} = \underline{\underline{\tan x}}$$

$$3.) \frac{\csc(-x)}{\sec(-x)} = \boxed{-\cot x}$$

$$\downarrow$$
$$\frac{-\csc x}{\sec x} = \frac{-\frac{1}{\sin x}}{\frac{1}{\cos x}} = \frac{-1}{\sin x} \cdot \frac{\cos x}{1} = \frac{-\cos x}{\sin x} = \underline{\underline{-\cot x}}$$

$$4.) (1 + \sin y)(1 + \sin(-y)) = \boxed{\cos^2 y}$$

FOLL

$$= 1 - \cancel{\sin y} + \cancel{\sin y} - \sin^2 y$$

$$= 1 - \sin^2 y \quad (\text{Pyth. identity } \rightarrow \frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1}{-\sin^2 x \quad -\sin^2 x})$$
$$\frac{\cos^2 x = 1 - \sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x = 1 - \sin^2 x}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{\cos^2 y}}$$

$$5.) \frac{\cos(-x)}{1+\sin(-x)} = \boxed{\sec x + \tan x}$$

multiply  
by  
complex  
conjugate

$$\frac{\cos x}{1-\sin x} \cdot \frac{1+\sin x}{1+\sin x} = \frac{\cos x + \cos x \sin x}{1 + \cancel{\sin x} - \cancel{\sin x} - \sin^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x + \cos x \sin x}{1 - \sin^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x + \cos x \sin x}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{\cos x \sin x}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\cos x} + \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{\sec x + \tan x}}$$

$$6.) \frac{\tan x \cot x}{\cos x} = \boxed{\sec x}$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{\tan x} \cdot \frac{1}{\cancel{\tan x}}}{\cos x}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\cos x} = \underline{\underline{\sec x}}$$

$$7.) \frac{1 + \csc \theta}{\sec \theta} - \cot \theta = \boxed{\cos \theta}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sec \theta} + \frac{\csc \theta}{\sec \theta} - \cot \theta$$

$$= \cos \theta + \frac{\frac{1}{\sin \theta}}{\frac{1}{\cos \theta}} - \cot \theta$$

$$= \cos \theta + \frac{1}{\sin \theta} \cdot \frac{\cos \theta}{1} - \cot \theta$$

$$= \cos \theta + \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} - \cot \theta$$

$$= \cos \theta + \cancel{\cot \theta} - \cot \theta$$

$$= \underline{\underline{\cos \theta}}$$

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$$8.) \csc^4 x - 2\csc^2 x + 1 = \boxed{\cot^4 x}$$

$$x^4 - 2x^2 + 1$$

$$(x^2 - 1)(x^2 - 1)$$

$$= (\csc^2 x - 1)(\csc^2 x - 1)$$

$$= (\cot^2 x)(\cot^2 x) = \underline{\underline{\cot^4 x}}$$

$$9.) \frac{\sin x}{1 - \cos x} = \boxed{\frac{1 + \cos x}{\sin x}}$$

multiply  
by complex  
conjugate

$$= \frac{\sin x}{(1 - \cos x)} \cdot \frac{1 + \cos x}{(1 + \cos x)} = \frac{\sin x + \sin x \cos x}{1 + \cancel{\cos x} - \cancel{\cos x} - \cos^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{\sin x + \sin x \cos x}{1 - \cos^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{\sin x (1 + \cos x)}{\sin^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{1 + \cos x}{\sin x}$$

$$10.) \frac{\cot x}{\csc x - 1} = \boxed{\frac{\csc x + 1}{\cot x}}$$

multiply  
by complex  
conjugate

$$= \frac{\cot x}{\csc x - 1} \cdot \frac{\csc x + 1}{\csc x + 1} = \frac{\cot x \csc x + \cot x}{\csc^2 x + \cancel{\csc x} - \cancel{\csc x} - 1}$$

$$= \frac{\cot x \csc x + \cot x}{\csc^2 x - 1}$$

$$= \frac{\cot x (\csc x + 1)}{\cot^2 x}$$

$$= \frac{\csc x + 1}{\cot x}$$