

Vocabulary

**Factoring:** The process of 'undoing' the distributive property in a polynomial. If a polynomial is 'factored' then it is in its most simplified form.

**Greatest Common Factor (GCF):** The largest term that can be divided out of every term in a polynomial. A GCF can be a number, a variable, or a number AND variable

Distributive Property

$$5x^2(2x^3 - x^2 + 3x - 6)$$

- THIS IS IN FACTORED FORM  
-  $5x^2$  is the GCF

$$10x^5 - 5x^4 + 15x^3 - 30x^2$$

- MULTIPLY THE COEFFICIENTS

- ADD THE EXPONENTS

Factor the following polynomials by finding the GCF

Example 1: (only a number GCF)

$$\frac{15x^2 - 9x + 3}{3 \quad 3 \quad 3}$$

$$3(5x^2 - 3x + 1)$$

WHAT IS THE BIGGEST NUMBER THAT DIVIDES OUT OF 15, -9 AND 3?  
ANSWER = 3

• DIVIDE 3 OUT OF EVERY TERM AND WRITE IT ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE POLYNOMIAL (NOW IN PARENTHESES)

Factor the following polynomials by finding the GCF

Example 2: (only a variable GCF)

$$\frac{4x^7 - 8x^5 + 21x^2}{x^2 \quad x^2 \quad x^2}$$

$$x^2(4x^5 - 8x^3 + 21)$$

1) WHAT IS THE BIGGEST NUMBER THAT CAN DIVIDE OUT OF 4, -8, 21?  
ANSWER: NOTHING!  
SO NO NUMBER

2) HOW MANY VARIABLES IN EACH TERM?  
 $x^7 \quad x^5 \quad x^2$   
YOU CAN TAKE OUT  $x^2$ . IF YOU TRY TO TAKE OUT ANY MORE THAN THAT YOU WON'T HAVE ANY MORE TO GIVE

Factor the following polynomials by finding the GCF

Example 3: (a number and a variable GCF)

$$\frac{25x^3 - 50x^2 + 10x}{5x \quad 5x \quad 5x}$$

$$5x(5x^2 - 10x + 2)$$

BIGGEST FACTOR OF 25, -50, 10?  $\boxed{5}$

• Common terms?  
 $x^3 \quad x^2 \quad (x) \quad x$

Practice on your own

$$\frac{18x^3 + 18x^4 - 45x^3}{9x^3 \quad 9x^3 \quad 9x^3}$$

$$9x^3(2x^2 + 2x - 5)$$

$$\frac{24x - 12}{12(2x - 1)}$$

$$\frac{12x^3 + 8x^2 - 4x}{4x(3x^2 + 2x - 1)}$$

$$\frac{x^3 - 2x^2}{x^2(x - 1)}$$